

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/805,762	03/22/2004	Adrian P. Kightlinger	006401.00466	1235
22908	7590 03/06/2006		EXAM	INER
BANNER & WITCOFF, LTD.			WHITE, EVERETT NMN	
TEN SOUTH WACKER DRIVE SUITE 3000			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
CHICAGO, IL 60606			1623	

DATE MAILED: 03/06/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Advisory Action

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
10/805,762	KIGHTLINGER ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	
Everett White	1623	

Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief --The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --THE REPLY FILED 31 January 2006 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE. 1. X The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on the same day as filing a Notice of Appeal. To avoid abandonment of this application, applicant must timely file one of the following replies: (1) an amendment, affidavit, or other evidence, which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee) in compliance with 37 CFR 41.31; or (3) a Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114. The reply must be filed within one of the following time periods: a) The period for reply expires <u>3</u> months from the mailing date of the final rejection. b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this Advisory Action, or (2) the date set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of the final rejection. Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or (b), ONLY CHECK BOX (b) WHEN THE FIRST REPLY WAS FILED WITHIN TWO MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(f). Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date on which the petition under 37 CFR 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension fee have been filed is the date for purposes of determining the period of extension and the corresponding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension fee under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the shortened statutory period for reply originally set in the final Office action; or (2) as set forth in (b) above, if checked. Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of the final rejection, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL __. A brief in compliance with 37 CFR 41.37 must be filed within two months of the date of 2. The Notice of Appeal was filed on ____ filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any extension thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to avoid dismissal of the appeal. Since a Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed within the time period set forth in 37 CFR 41.37(a). **AMENDMENTS** 3. The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because (a) They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below); (b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below); (c) They are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the issues for appeal; and/or (d) They present additional claims without canceling a corresponding number of finally rejected claims. NOTE: . (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)). 4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121. See attached Notice of Non-Compliant Amendment (PTOL-324). 5. Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s): 6. Newly proposed or amended claim(s) _____ would be allowable if submitted in a separate, timely filed amendment canceling the non-allowable claim(s). 7. For purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) \square will not be entered, or b) \boxtimes will be entered and an explanation of how the new or amended claims would be rejected is provided below or appended. The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows: Claim(s) allowed: Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected: 48-63. Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration: _____ AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and sufficient reasons why the affidavit or other evidence is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).

8. The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but before or on the date of filing a Notice of Appeal will not be entered

9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing a Notice of Appeal, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to overcome all rejections under appeal and/or appellant fails to provide a showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 41.33(d)(1).

10. The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation of the status of the claims after entry is below or attached.

REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER

11. \times The request for reconsideration has been considered but does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: See Continuation Sheet.

12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08 or PTO-1449) Paper No(s)

13. Other: .

James O. Wilson

Supervisory Primary Examiner Technology Center 1600

Continuation of 11. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: of the reason presented in the final rejection filed November 1, 2005 under 35 U.S.C. 103(a). In the response filed January 31, 2006, Applicants argue against the rejection of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) on the grounds that the Eastman patent emphasizes non-crosslinked starch, and cannot be used to support a rejection of the pending claims, which specify crosslinking. This argument is not persuasive since Applicants have only combine two well known teachings of the prior art to form a single process, which are demonstrated by the combination of the Eastman patent and the Tuschhoff et al patent. The Eastman patent shows that it is well known to prepare hydroxyalkylated cold water soluble starch by reacting starch in an aqueous slurry with a starch hydroxyalkylating agent in the presence of an alcohol and an alkali metal as instantly claimed. Although, the Eastman patent does not indicate crosslinking of the starch in the reaction thereof, neither does the instantly claimed method in the first step wherein the hydroxyalkylated starch is produced. The Tuschhoff et al patent is cited to show that the instantly claimed crosslinking step wherein the hydroxyalkylated starch is reacted with a polyfunctional crosslinking agent is also well known in the art. The Eastman and Tuschhoff et al patents show that the two procedures of first preparing a hydroxyalkylated starch and then crosslinking the hydroxyalkylated starch are well known in the art. No unexpected results have been noted by the combination of the two procedures into a single process. One of ordinary skill in this are would be motivated to combine the teachings of the Eastman paent with the teachings of the Tuschhoff et all patent since both patents disclose preparation of granular hydroxyalkylated starches. According, the rejection of the claims as being unpatentable over the Eastman patent in view of the Tuschhoff et al patent is maintained for the reasons of record.

AMES O. WILSON

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 1600